



# Seminar Efficient Programming of HPC Systems

Frameworks and Algorithms – Kick-off

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with Material from Alexis Engelke, David Hildenbrand, Michael Petter, and Josef Weidendorfer

16.04.2024





### Organization



- Kick-off meeting (today)
- ▶ Literature research + derive article structure
- Discuss structure with advisor
- ▶ Write draft paper deadline 2024-06-01



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# Organization



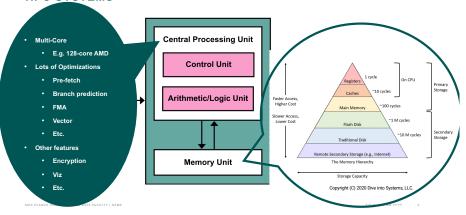
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- Incorporate feedback from peers and advisor
- ► Final submission + presentation July 3, 2024







# FROM SIMPLE VON NEUMANN ARCHITECTURES TO MODERN HPC SYSTEMS

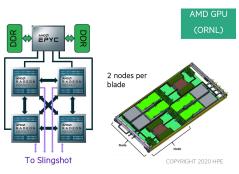


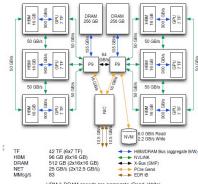






#### AND THEN WE ALSO ADD ACCELERATORS (GPUS)





MAX PLANCK COMPUTING AND DATA FACILITY I NAME

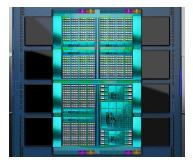
HBM & DRAM speeds are aggregate (Read+Write).
All other speeds (X-Bus, NVLink, PCIe, IB) are bi-directional.







#### NEW GPU-CONCEPTS MIGHT BE EASIER TO USE (CACHE **COHERENT DESIGN)**



Nvidia Grace-Hopper

AMD MI300A

MAX PLANCK COMPUTING AND DATA FACILITY I NAME

TITLE I DD.MM.YYYY







#### AND USE MANY, REALLY MANY OF THESE NODES

- Frontier Supercomputer @ ORNL:
  - 9.472 nodes
  - · 1,1 EF performance
  - · 21 MW power consumption
  - · in total over 9 M cores (mostly GPU)









#### (SOME) CHALLENGES IN PROGRAMMING THESE SYSTEMS

- · Level of parallelism
  - O(10<sup>9</sup>) FPUs
- Hardware heterogeneity
  - · CPUs, GPUs, other
  - · HBM, NVMe, object store
- Programming/Performance Portability
- · Novel numerical/methodological approaches







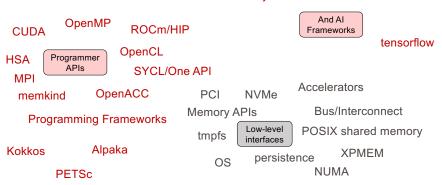
#### THE GOOD OLD TIMES

- Programms written in Fortran (or C/C++)
- MPI (Message Passing Interface) for moving data across distributed memory
- · OpenMP for expressing parallelism on shared memory





# Programming Landscape Today PyTorch EPIGRAMHS



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# Goals & Topics



- Investigate techniques, frameworks, algorithms to efficiently program such systems
  - ► Focus on heterogeneous architectures (GPUs, shared/distributed memory)
- Topics
  - High-level frameworks (Kokkos, Alpaka, Cabana, PETSc, etc.)
  - Numerical libraries (SLATE, Ginkgo, heFFTe, etc.)
  - Data Formats (Mixed-precision, non-IEEE data formats, data compression)
  - Data Structures and Layouts (AoS-SoA-AoSoA)
  - Adaptive Mesh Refinement (AMReX, p4est, etc.)
  - Adaptive (task) Parallelism (HPX, StarPU, Charm++, OpenMP, etc.)
  - ► In-Situ Approaches (ADIOS, etc.)
  - Frameworks for AI (pytorch, tensorflow, etc.)



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  - ► In-Situ Approaches (ADIOS, etc.)
  - Frameworks for AI (pytorch, tensorflow, etc.)
  - Bring your own topic



### Specific Goals



- ► Find 3-4 suitable publications & suitable websites
- Describe briefly how the mentioned approach works and helps with achieving efficiency
- ▶ Does the mentioned approach enable a code to be portable across architectures?
- ► Show and discuss performance numbers (from papers)
- Discuss advantages and drawbacks



# Scientific Writing and Presentation



- Literature and sources
  - ► Finding literature and citable sources/references
- Writing a seminar paper
  - Structure, style, citing
- Presentation techniques
  - Structure, slide design, presentation style



### Citable Literature



#### Good to use

- ► Books, book chapters
- Papers (conf./journal)
- Published articles
- Manuals



### Citable Literature



#### Good to use

- Books, book chapters
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- Websites with identifiable author
   (cite with URL+access date)



### Citable Literature



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### Try to avoid

- Wikipedia
- Facebook, etc.
- Advertisements
- Lecture slides
- Source code
- ▶ ChatGPT





Literature Scientific writing Presentation





- Starting points: IEEExplore, ACM DL, Google Scholar, arxiv.org, ChatGPT, ...
  - Select appropriate keywords
  - Many papers/books accessible freely via the library





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  - Select appropriate keywords
  - Many papers/books accessible freely via the library
- Other starting point: your advisor
- Graph algorithms
  - Publications of the same author(s)
  - Publications at the same venue
  - Cites . . . (listed references)
  - Cited by . . .





Literature Scientific writing Presentation





- ▶ Abstract: Brief summary of area, problem, approach, result
- Introduction: introduce area, problem, key results, contributions, outline
- ▶ Background: if needed, describe prerequisites





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- Introduction: introduce area, problem, key results, contributions, outline
- ▶ Background: if needed, describe prerequisites
- Main part (approach, evaluation, discussion, etc.)
- (In a paper: Related Work)
- Summary & outlook



# Writing style



Literature Scientific writing Presentation



### Writing style



- Factual, precise, focused
  - ▶ Stay on topic, no story telling, . . .
  - ▶ Limit to important and necessary topics
  - Don't omit necessary prerequisites



### Writing style



- Factual, precise, focused
  - ▶ Stay on topic, no story telling, . . .
  - Limit to important and necessary topics
  - Don't omit necessary prerequisites
- Avoid forward references
- ► Avoid *I*, prefer *we* (or passive voice)
- We only describes the authors, not the reader



### Citing



- ▶ All work that is not yours **must** be cited
  - Clearly describe source
  - But: no wrong/inaccurate attributions
- Citing styles:
  - Literal (direct) quote
  - indirect quote (rephrase)

←strongly preferred

 Exception: foundations can be assumed (generally first few Bachelor semesters)





Literature Scientific writing Presentation





The x86 architecture defines the register CR2 [1].

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Valgrind [1] is a tool for run-time instrumentation.

 $\label{lem:valgrind} $$\operatorname{Valgrind}^\circ \subset \{\operatorname{nethercote2007}\}$ is a tool for run-time instrumentation.$ 

Other approaches [1,2,3] ...

Other approaches \cite{foo,bar,baz} \dots



### Presentation: Content Selection





## Presentation: Content Selection



Presentation for the audience!



### Presentation: Content Selection



#### Presentation for the audience!

- What do you want the audience to take away? (Not: what can I talk about!)
- What are the key points?
- How much content fits into the time slot?



#### Structure



- Motivation
  - ▶ Why is the topic relevant?
- Background
  - Consider referencing information from previous talks
- Concept
- Evaluation
  - ▶ How good is the described concept?
- Conclusions and outlook



### Structure



- ► Important: topics build upon each other! (avoid forward references)
- Only give important details
- Use good/helpful examples
- Critical discussion of the topic



### Media



- Slides (Beamer)
  - ► For use during the talk
  - Good to prepare
  - Backup-Folien as preparation for questions
- Whiteboard, blackboard
  - Permanently needed information
  - Answering questions
- Hardware, demonstrators, etc.
- Check possibilities in advance



#### Before the Talk



- ► Prepare slides, etc.
- Do a dry-run
  - Always recommended
  - Helps with uncertainity and time estimation
- Prepare on-site
  - Laptop, Beamer, laser pointer, clock, etc.



# Talking Style



- Speak freely
- Don't go too fast/slow
- ► Stay in contact with the audience
  - ► Eye contact, position, etc.
- Usually at least 1 minute per slide
- Explain charts
- Stay in time limit
  - Optional slides can fill time
  - Regularly consult a watch
- Stay calm





- ▶ One topic per slide
- Avoid text
  - **▶** ≤ 8 lines
- Prefer graphics/illustrations





- One topic per slide
- Avoid text
  - ▶ < 8 lines
- Prefer graphics/illustrations
- No unused points
  - Cover everything on the slides in your talk





- ► Title page
  - ▶ Title, name, institution, date, location





- ► Title page
  - ▶ Title, name, institution, date, location
- ▶ On every other slide: number and title





- ► Title page
  - ▶ Title, name, institution, date, location
- ▶ On every other slide: number and title
- Conclusion
  - Alle important points on one slide



Slides: Colors



▶ Black on white



### Slides: Colors



- **▶** Black on white
- Black on white



#### Slides: Colors



- Black on white
- Black on white
- Sufficient contrast
- Use colors sparingly, but systematically
- Be careful with gradients
- No annoying backgrounds (wave textures, etc.)
- Animations only with sufficiently added value



# Slides: Text and Graphics



- ▶ Double-check text for typos, etc.
- ▶ Use a readable, sans-serif font
- Prefer vector graphics (or images with a high resolution)
- Avoid screenshots/scans
- Important: citations
- ▶ Listings only with a sufficiently large value



# Negative Example



## **Alignments in brief**

>1bl8\_A mol:protein length:97 Potassium Channel Protein
ALHWRAAGAATVLLVIVLLAGSYLAVLAERGAPGAQLIT
YPRALWWSVETATPVGYGDLYPVTLWGRCVAVVVMVA
GITSFGLVTAALATWFVGREQ

>Torg.C molprotein length:223 Potassium Channel
IGDVMEHIPYELGUNYARALLSWUVVVECTMGLSGEYLK
RIYAYDLILMIIMADYAYRAYKSGDPAGYYKKTINYEL
SKEPLSKADAADKARYELIKGAWATTYKTAGAWATYKEY
PDPINSSIKSYPDALWWAVYPATPYGYGDVVPATPIGKV
IGIAMALTGISALITLLIGTYNSMIPGKILK

Query= 1bl8\_A mol:protein length:97 Potassium Channel Protein (97 letters)

>lorq\_C mol:protein length:223 **Potassium Channel** Length = 223 Scoring matrix Algorithm to optimize score

Score = 58.5 bits (140), Expect = 4e-14 Identities = 26/72 (36%), Positives = 43/72 (59%)

Query: 21 GSYTAVLAPRGAPGACLITYPRALWWSVETATTVGYGDLYPVTLWGRCVAVVVMVAGITS 80
G++ + P P + + ALWW+V TATTVGYGD+ P T G+ + + VM+ GI++

Sbjct: 147 GAFA<mark>I</mark>ri<mark>ve</mark>ypdpnss<mark>i</mark>ksvfdalwwavvtattvgygdvvpatpigkvigiavmLtgisa 206

Query: 81 FGLVTAALATWF 92 L+ ++ F

Sbjct: 207 LTLLIGTVSNMF 218



## Negative Example







# Negative Example



Abbildung: Screenshot of code with insufficient resultion



# Positive Example (?)

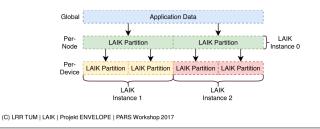




10

#### LAIK (5) – Hierarchische Partitionierung

- multiple Partitionierung auf verschiedenen Ebenen
- · Beispiel: inter/intra-node
- sinnvoll f
  ür Exascale, heterogene Systeme
- · Veränderung des Indexraums muss möglich sein!





## End of Presentation



► Summary slide with main take-away points



## End of Presentation



- ► Summary slide with main take-away points
- ▶ NO *Questions* slide!





- ▶ Bring your point to the audience written or spoken
- Good literature as starting point
- Logical structure for paper and presentation
- Presentation: good preparation is important





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► Chance to learn :





- ▶ Paper 6-8 pages
- Presentation about 15 Minutes plus questions (5 minutes)





- Paper 6-8 pages
- Presentation about 15 Minutes plus questions (5 minutes)
- Grading
  - ▶ 40% paper
  - ▶ 40% presentation
  - ▶ 20% review
  - ▶ all needs to be positive
- start literature search now and get in contact with your tutor





















- ▶ Paper 6-8 pages
- Presentation about 15 Minutes plus questions (5 minutes)
- Grading
  - ▶ 40% paper
  - ▶ 40% presentation
  - ▶ 20% review
  - all needs to be positive
- communicate three (3) topics until April 20
- final topics and tutor will be assigned next week
- start literature search now and get in contact with your tutor